



## UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	PPLICATION NO. FILING DATE 10/610,496 06/30/2003		FIRST NAMED INVENTOR  Jered Donald Aasheim		ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO. 5314	
10/610,496					MS1-1466US		
22801	7590	03/29/2005		. [	EXAMINER		
LEE & HAYES PLLC 421 W RIVERSIDE AVENUE SUITE 500 SPOKANE, WA 99201				·	KIM, HAROLD J		
				ſ	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
				, `	2182		

DATE MAILED: 03/29/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Applicatio	n No.	Applicant(s)				
0.55	10/610,49	6	AASHEIM ET AL.					
Office A	Examiner		Art Unit					
		Harold Kin		2182				
The MAILIN	IG DATE of this communication a	ppears on the	cover sheet with the c	orrespondence ad	ldress			
THE MAILING DA  - Extensions of time may after SIX (6) MONTHS  - If the period for reply sp  - If NO period for reply is  - Failure to reply within the Any reply received by the	TATUTORY PERIOD FOR REF TE OF THIS COMMUNICATION be available under the provisions of 37 CFR from the mailing date of this communication. ecified above is less than thirty (30) days, a re specified above, the maximum statutory perion he set or extended period for reply will, by state the Office later than three months after the main strustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	I.  1.136(a). In no ever  eply within the statu  d will apply and will  ute, cause the appli	nt, however, may a reply be time tory minimum of thirty (30) days expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cation to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timel the mailing date of this c D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status								
1) Responsive	to communication(s) filed on 30	June 2003.						
·= ·	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.							
•	<i>,</i> —							
Disposition of Claims	S							
4a) Of the ab 5) ☐ Claim(s) 6) ☑ Claim(s) <u>1-3</u> 7) ☐ Claim(s)		rawn from con						
Application Papers								
9)☐ The specifica	ation is objected to by the Exami	ner.						
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>30 June 2003</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.								
Applicant may	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).  11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
Priority under 35 U.S	.C. § 119							
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>								
Attachment(s)								
1) Notice of References			4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da					
	on's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) re Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/0 e <u>06302003</u> .	08)	5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:		O-152)			

Art Unit: 2182

## **DETAILED ACTION**

1. Claims 1-34 are presented for examination.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless --

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

- 3. Claims 1-34 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Cyran et al., US Pub. No.: US 2003/0191986 A1.
- 4. In re claim 1, Cyran et al. shows a processor-readable medium [fig 1C] comprising processor-executable instructions [figs 6 and 13] configured for: identifying instructions executing on a processor [1500, fig 15; 1018, fig 1C]; receiving power consumption data from a power measurement circuit [6020, fig 6; 1022, fig 1C]; and

correlating the power consumption data with the identified instructions [6020, fig 6; fig 13].

5. In re claim 2, Cyran et al. shows interrupting the processor [6002, fig 6]; sampling a program counter of the processor [1500, fig 15]; scanning a lookup table to find an address indicated by the program counter [6008, fig 6; 1500, fig 15], and determining an instruction located at the address [1704, fig 17].

\*

Art Unit: 2182

6. In re claim 3, Cyran et al. shows querying the power measurement circuit [6010, 6012, fig 6]; and

receiving digital power readings from the power measurement circuit based on the querying [6020, fig 6; fig 9; 1022 fig 1C; fig 13].

- 7. In re claim 4, Cyran et al. shows receiving digital power readings from the power measurement circuit at preset time intervals [1014, fig 1C].
- 8. In re claim 5, Cyran et al. shows the correlating comprises associating with an identified instruction, a measured amount of power consumed during execution of the identified instruction on the processor [fig 13].
- 9. In re claim 6, Cyran et al. shows the correlating comprises generating a power profile [fig 13] that includes a plurality of power consumption values [max power, avg power, fig 13] and a plurality of identified instructions [ReadNextData, ReadConstellation, fig 13], wherein each power consumption value is associated with an identified instruction in the power profile [fig 13].
- 10. In re claim 7, Cyran et al. shows a table [fig 13] having pairs of data, each pair of data comprising a power consumption value [Avg Power, fig 13] and an identified instruction [ReadNextData, fig 13]; and

a graph correlating power consumption values with identified instructions [fig 14].

11. In re claim 8, Cyran et al. shows power consumption values measured during execution of the instructions on the processor [target system processor, last 2 lines in Abstract].

Art Unit: 2182

12. In re claim 9, Cyran et al. shows a computer [1018].

- 13. In re claim 10, Cyran et al. shows a processor-readable medium [fig 1C] comprising processor-executable instructions [figs 6 and 13] configured for associating a software instruction [1500, fig 15; 1018, fig 1C] with an amount of power consumed by executing the software instruction [fig 13].
- 14. In re claim 11, Cyran et al. shows generating a power profile [fig 13] that matches software instructions executing on an embedded device [1018, fig 1C] with corresponding power consumption values measured during execution of the software instructions [last 2 lines of Abstract; fig 13].
- 15. In re claim 12, Cyran et al. shows a processor-executable instructions [figs 6 and 13] configured for:

measuring power consumption of software instructions executing on a target computing device [6020, fig 6; 1022, fig 1C];

converting analog power measurements into digital power measurements [DSP in fig 1C]; and

transmitting the digital power measurements to a host computer [fig 1C].

- 16. In re claim 13, Cyran et al. shows processor-executable instructions configured for storing the digital power measurements in a memory after the converting [1022, fig 1C; fig 13].
- 17. In re claim 14, Cyran et al. shows receiving a request for the digital power measurements from the host computer [figs 1C, and 6]; and

Art Unit: 2182

transmitting the digital power measurements to the host computer based on the request [figs 1C and 6].

- 18. In re claim 15, Cyran et al. shows transmitting the digital power measurements to the host computer at preset time intervals [1014, fig 1C].
- 19. In re claim 16, Cyran et al. shows the target computing device is a computer [1018, fig 1C]
- 20. In re claim 17, Cyran et al. shows generating a power profile [fig 13] that associates a software instruction with an amount of power consumed during execution of the software instruction [fig 13].
- 21. In re claim 18, Cyran et al. shows the execution of the software instruction is performed by a processor on a target computing device and the amount of power consumed is an amount of power consumed by the processor [fig 13; last 2 lines in Abstract].
- 22. In re claim 19, Cyran et al. shows identifying the software instruction executing on a processor [1500, fig 15; 1010, fig 1C];

receiving power consumption data from a power measurement circuit [6020, fig 6; 1022, fig 1C]; and

correlating the power consumption data with the identified software instruction [6020, fig 6; fig 13].

23. In re claim 20, Cyran et al. shows a computer comprising a power profiler [figs1C, and 6] configured to identify software instructions executing on a processor [1500,

Art Unit: 2182

fig 15; 1018, fig 1C], receive power consumption data [6020, fig 6; 1022, fig 1C], and, correlate the power consumption data with the software instructions such that each software instruction is associated with a power consumption value indicating an amount of power consumed during the executing of the software instruction [6020, fig 6; fig 13].

- 24. In re claim 21, Cyran et al. shows a lookup table [6008, fig 6], the power profiler further configured to monitor a program counter on the processor [1500, fig 15] and to identify the software instructions through the lookup table based on the program counter [1500, fig 15; 6008, fig 6].
- 25. In re claim 22, Cyran et al. shows a power profile [fig 13] having a plurality of power consumption values each paired with a corresponding software instruction to indicate an amount of power consumed during execution of the corresponding software instruction [fig 13].
- 26. In re claim 23, Cyran et al. shows a computer [fig 1C] comprising a power profiler [fig 1C] configured to generate a power profile [fig 13] that correlates software instructions with power consumed during execution of the software instructions.
- 27. In re claim 24, Cyran et al. shows a computer [fig 1C] comprising:
  means for identifying instructions executing on a processor [1500, fig 15; 1018,
  fig 1C];

means for receiving power consumption data from a power measurement circuit [6020, fig 6; 1022, fig 1C], and

Art Unit: 2182

means for generating a power profile that correlates the power consumption data with the identified instructions [6020, fig 6; fig 13].

28. In re claim 25, Cyran et al. shows a computer [fig 1C] means for interrupting the processor [6002, fig 6];

means for sampling a program counter of the processor [1500, fig 15]; and means for determining an instruction based on the program counter [1704, fig 17].

29. In re claim 26, Cyran et al. shows means for querying the power measurement circuit [6010, 6012, fig 6]; and

means for receiving digital power readings from the power measurement circuit based on the querying [6020, fig 6; fig 9; 1022, fig 1C; fig 13].

30. In re claim 27, Cyran et al. shows a power measurement circuit [fig 1C] comprising:

means for measuring power consumption of software instructions executing on an embedded device [1022, fig 1C];

means for converting analog power measurements into digital power measurements [DSP, fig 1C], and

means for transmitting the digital power measurements to a host computer in response to a query from the host computer [fig 1C; 6020, fig 6].

31. In re claim 28, Cyran et al. shows means for storing the digital power measurements [fig 13].

Art Unit: 2182

32. In re claim 29, Cyran et al. shows a computer [fig 1C] comprising:

a processor [1018, fig 1C];

instruction stored in a memory and executable on the processor [1018, fig 1C;

6010, 6020, fig 6], and

a power measurement circuit [1022, fig 1C; 6020, fig 6] configured to measure power consumed by the processor during execution of each instruction.

- 33. In re claim 30, Cyran et al. shows an analog to digital converter integrated as part of the power measurement circuit [1022, fig 1C] and configured to convert analog power signals to digital power consumption data [DAP A/D, 1022, fig 1C].
- 34. In re claim 31, Cyran et al. shows a computer [1018, fig 1C].
- 35. In re claim 32, Cyran et al. show a system [fig 1C] comprising:

a power profiler [1002, fig 1C] configured to correlate an identified software instruction with an amount of power consumed during execution of the identified software instruction [6020, fig 6];

a lookup table having information for identifying the identified software instruction [6008, fig 6]; and

a power profile [fig 13] generated by the power profiler and having power consumption values and identified software instructions, each power consumption value paired with a corresponding identified software instruction [fig 13].

Art Unit: 2182

36. In re claim 33, Cyran et al. shows a power measurement circuit [1022, fig 1C]

configured to measure the amount of power consumed during execution of the identified

software instruction [6020, fig 6]; and

an analog to digital converter configured as part of the power measurement

circuit to convert analog power consumption measurements into digital power

consumption data [DSP (A/D), 1022, fig 1C; 6020, fig 6].

37. In re claim 34, Cyran et al. shows the power measurement circuit is a component

[1010, fig 1C] of a target computing device [1018, fig 1C] on which the identified

software instruction is executed.

Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to

applicant's disclosure. Further references of interest are cited on Form PLO-892, which

is attachment to this office action.

Any response to this action should be mailed to:

Mail Stop

**Commissioner for Patents** 

P.O. Box 1450

Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

The centralized fax number is 703 872-9306.

The centralized hand carry paper drop off location is:

Art Unit: 2182

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office
2011 South Clark Place
Customer Window
Crystal Plaza Two, Lobby, Room 1B03

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application should be directed to the central telephone number (571) 272-2100.

Direct any inquiries concerning drawing review to the Drawing Review Branch (703) 305-8404.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Harold Kim whose telephone number is 571-272-4148. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday 6AM-4PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jeffrey Gaffin can be reached on 571-272-4146. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Art Unit: 2182

Harold J. Kim

Patent Examiner

March 20, 2005/HK

Page 11

FRUIT DAMINER

TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2100